the ability of an area to support its population with available resources and technology (two words)

equal to a 2.1 total fertility rate which eventually results in stable population growth (two words)

is the process of change common to most countries' population statistics as their economies mature (two words)

this demographic measure is most important in determining the shape of a population pyramid, it declines rapidly in stage three as children recognized as economic burdens (three words)

this group claims that Mathus is wrong because they believe enough resources exist (two words)

from 1965 until 2013, this region was the largest source of immigration to the United States (two words)

the availability of these and their use by women in developed countries has resulted in decreasing the crude birth rate in later stage economies (plural)

this term refers to the decline in city life and infrastructure often associated with overpopulation, high crime rates and poverty. It was a factor for both the suburbanization trend and the migration from the Rust Belt to the Sun Belt in the 2nd half of the 20th century in America (two words)

predicts the average number of years a woman will have throughout her childbearing years (three words)

this vernacular region of the U.S. has seen large out-migration due to a declining industrial economy and harsh climate (is it one word or two words? I’ve seen it as both, but I don’t really know)

this process has been the largest internal (intraregional) migration of people in the U.S. in the years following WWI. It was encouraged by the accessibility of the auto, the construction of highways and federal laws which encouraged homeownership through low interest rates and down payments for veterans in post-WWII America.

this international migration is the largest global movement of people and is most prevalent in stage two.

who comes to a country person who comes to a country

this is the most common category of voluntary migration.

in recent years this area has seen an increase in the number of immigrants to the United States. For many decades in the late 20th century it was the second largest source, but in 2013, it overtook Latin America as the largest source.

because of an increasingly elderly population, this disease has become a representative cause of death in stage four. “The Age of Delayed Degenerative Disease”

this occurs when a migrant follows the path established by the group before him, resulting in an immigration wave from one source to one destination (two words)

LDCs entered stage two of the demographic transition because of the diffusion of knowledge.

this vernacular region of the U.S. has experienced a transformation in the 1970s because of its pleasant weather and favorable business climate (is it one word or two words? I’ve seen it as both, so I don’t really know)

these laws codified (wrote into law) the segregation of and discrimination against African-Americans in the post-Civil War South making them a significant push factor during the Great Migration (two words)

this concept measures net intercountry birth rates reaching all-time lows in stages four and five and is characterized by an important segment of society achieving educational and economic opportunities outside the home (two words)

this group is more likely than in the past to be international migrants but historically has been the more likely to migrate short distances.

group came to America during the very late 1800s and early 1900s. Many came from the southern part of the countries whose government was dominated by northerners, and southerners were hurt by high taxes and higher protective tariffs on manufactured goods. They represent an immigration wave caused by chain migration which completely altered the ethnic makeup of the New York metropolitan area (plural)

the creation and expansion of this supranational organization has made the migration from the less wealthy Europe to the more wealthy Western Europe easier (two words)

these are especially concerned about where population growth is currently happening and they predict violent competition for resources besides food, like, deserts and energy. This (two words) is not brought under control (hyph./plural).

this term describes the isolation of minority groups within a dominant society, often suffering from high concentrations of unemployment and poverty and a rejection of the social norms of the society that has isolated and estranged them (two words)

the middle part of this century saw the most rapid increase in global population mainly due to the source of medical knowledge to LDCs and the consequent entry of those countries into stage two of the demographic transition.

although many countries have reached or come close to the replacement rate, their population continues to grow because of the large number of people in their childbearing years. This phenomenon is known as...

this country was the major source of guest workers to Germany in the years following WWII and today is the largest host of refugees.

this migration of talented people depriving their country of their intellectual and economic contributions (two words)

people in this school of thought (with Esther Boserup and Julian Simon) criticize those who warn about overpopulation for not taking into account the increased agricultural production or innovation that could result from higher populations.

also known as restrictive, these government policies are based on China’s one-child policy and discourage reproduction and try to reduce population growth rates (hyph.)

the factors which led to this group’s migration to the United States in the middle months during the 1800s could be classified as environmental, cultural and economic. They include a demand by black marketeers for a major food crop, discrimination based on their religion and their eviction by absentee, foreign landowners.

the political belief or policy of favoring domestic inhabitants as opposed to immigrants.

this is a well-known reason (representing 7/10ths of all immigrants) that people are allowed to immigrate into the United States (two words)

this is the group considered to have a high level of foreign knowledge who are already residing here in 1890.

this is the reflection of the historic spread of the American population from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific coast (two words)

this is the targeted sterilization of a targeted population.

this group of immigrants who arrived in large numbers during the late 1800s and early 1900s were largely escaping organized religious persecution in Russia called pogroms.

the decline in this demographic measure is the most dramatic change as countries enter Stage 2 of the Demographic Transition (three words).

this is the movement from cities to small towns and rural areas, usually in pursuit of a better quality of life or lower cost of living.

people seeking entry into the United States for humanitarian reasons apply for this status.

this is the movement of talented people from the US to other countries who are too old and too young to work.

people who are too old and too young to work.

the comparison of the number of people that are too old and too young to work to the number of those of working age.

this is the main reason (representing 7/10ths of the immigration to the U.S.)

this is the main reason (representing 7/10ths of the immigration to the U.S.)

the amount of years it would take for a country's population to double.

this model predicts that immigration flow will change as countries progress along the demographic transition (last name)

the amount of years it would take for a population to increase by 100% at a constant rate of natural increase. It can be estimated by dividing the number 70 by the birth rate (two words)

the amount of years it would take for a population to decrease or slow down (as it is globally)

the most likely people to be targets to self-identify as “American” (hyph.)

to according to Ravenstein’s Law #4, for every migration there is a, although not necessarily of the same magnitude.

this person who leaves a country

this is a transition of the demographic transition but tries to explain the main diseases and causes of death in the various stages.

the reasons laws were passed in the 1920s and were largely intended to favor immigration from Northern and Western Europe by stating that the terms of entry and qualifications allowed in the U.S. were different for those from the United States from any single country should be based on the population from that country already residing here in 1890.

back in 1920, the majority of the American population lived in this setting.

too much water (floods, hurricanes, etc.) or too cold (mountains).

which category of push factor led to the largest decreased death rates and, consequently, population increases in MDCs about 200 years ago.

this ethnic group settled inland regions of Virginia and North Carolina and are the most likely to find job opportunities that are compatible with the lifestyle of their country.

this refers to the historic spread of the American population from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific coast.

this area is the historic spread of the American population from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific coast.

this is the largest source of immigration to the United States.

this is the main reason, although not necessarily of the same magnitude.

this group of immigrants who arrived in large numbers during the late 1800s and early 1900s were largely escaping organized religious persecution in Russia called pogroms.

this is the targeted sterilization of a targeted population.

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under control otherwise, he warned, the world would result in an immigration wave from one source to one destination (two words)

this refers to the decline of the social norms of the society that has isolated and estranged them.

this is the main reason (representing 7/10ths of all immigrants) that people are allowed to immigrate into the United States (two words)

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Unit 2 Population and Migration Review
(eliminate hyphens and spaces between words in the answer grid)

Solution:

CARRYINGCAPACITY REPLACEMENTRATE
DEMOGRAPHICTRANSITION CRUDEBIRTHRATE
CONTRACEPTIVES MARXISTS LATINAMERICA
URBANDECAY LIFEXPECTANCY
TOTALFERTILITYRATE DGMNIENT
RUSTBELT PENSOSOS
SUBURBANIZATION URBANIZATION
IEAEEDMBSSWPSPSBTV
NSVREDEIIIMMIGRANTDEGENERATIVE
ETTECONEOMICSMGAESNRRNMR
EWNUPEIRJATDAIEP
ROSGORECDEDDWETZ
VRTPEVTLLWRARANE
KEENUASIALZHEMERSCRCCTU
NEILNOSSTDDYTIL
IRNCCHAINMIGRATIONNSSE
USTEEDMEDICALXASUNBELT
GNIIXCEEEP
BONCGOELEH
ITALIANSRSEPANONO
LCWCENEOPALMTHUSIAN
GHTTCDETTENTHCE
STURKEYIQUMSGPUP
BRAINDRAINNIETANTIMALTHUSIAN
USTRINATALISTGNAGODT
ARYIRISHRRV NATIVISM
LUAH FAMILYREUNIFICATION
RGLENRS
SCANDINAVIANTON
VOLSPLDEMOCRATMPGRAVITYMODEL
LFAMESEEORE
UVMALTHUSCFENPONATALIST
TIIHUSTEPMIGRATIONOCI
INFANTMORTALITYRATEIGALAO
ONEINTERNALLYDISPLACEDPERSON
NPOPULATIONPYRAMIDEECS
MANIFESTDESTINYSECULAR